



**US Micro Products**  
*Electronic Products for the OEM*

# TFT-LCD PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

<b>PART NUMBER:</b>	<b>USMP-VC057V-01I</b>
<b>DESCRIPTION:</b>	5.7" TFT-LCD panel with 640 x 480 RGB, a driving circuit, LED backlight system, 262K Full Colors

ISSUE DATE	APPROVED BY (Customer Use Only)	CHECKED BY	PREPARED BY
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### RECORD OF REVISION

Revision Date	Page	Contents	Editor
2012/02/01	--	New Release	Emil
2013/07/03	3	Correct to Viewing Direction 12 o'clock (Gray Inversion)	Bob

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

This is a color active matrix TFT-LCD that uses amorphous silicon TFT as a switching device. This model is composed of a 5.7inch TFT-LCD panel, a driving circuit. This TFT-LCD has a high resolution (640(R.G.B) X 480) and can display up to 262,144 colors.

### 1-1. Features

- VGA Resolution
- 6 Bits color driver with 1 channel TTL interface
- Wide range operation temperature
- Built-in LED Driver

## 2. PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specifications	unit
Display resolution(dot)	640RGB (W) x 480(H)	dots
Display area	115.2 (W) x 86.4 (H)	mm
Pixel pitch	0.18 (W) x 0.18 (H)	mm
Color configuration	R.G.B Vertical stripe	
Overall dimension	127.0(W) x 99.63(H) x 9.26(D)	mm
Surface treatment	Antiglare , Hard-Coating(3H)	
Brightness	500	cd/m <sup>2</sup>
Contrast ratio	600 : 1	
Backlight unit	LED	
Display color	262,144	colors
Viewing Direction	12 o'clock (Gray Inversion)	
Display Mode	Normally White	

### 3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	5	V
Power Supply Voltage for LED driver IC	VLED	-0.3	20	V
Signal Input Voltage	DCLK , DE R0~R5 G0~G5 B0~B5	-0.5	Vcc + 0.5	V
Operation Temperature	Top	-30	85	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-30	85	°C

The above values are maximum operation conditions. If exceeded; it may cause faulty operation or damage.

## 4. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

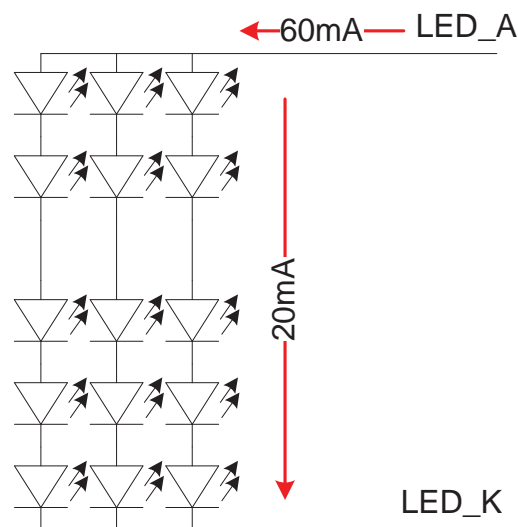
### 4-1 TFT LCD Module voltage

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
Power Voltage for LCD	V <sub>CC</sub>	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Power Voltage for LED Driver	V <sub>LED</sub>	5	12	15	V	
Consumptive Current of LED driver	I <sub>LED</sub>		0.12		A	V <sub>LED</sub> =12V
Logic Input Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> *0.7	--	V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
	V <sub>IL</sub>	0	--	V <sub>CC</sub> *0.3	V	
	V <sub>IL</sub>	GND	--	0.3	V	
LED Dimming Terminal	ADJ	5	-	15	V	

### 4-2 LED Backlight Conditions

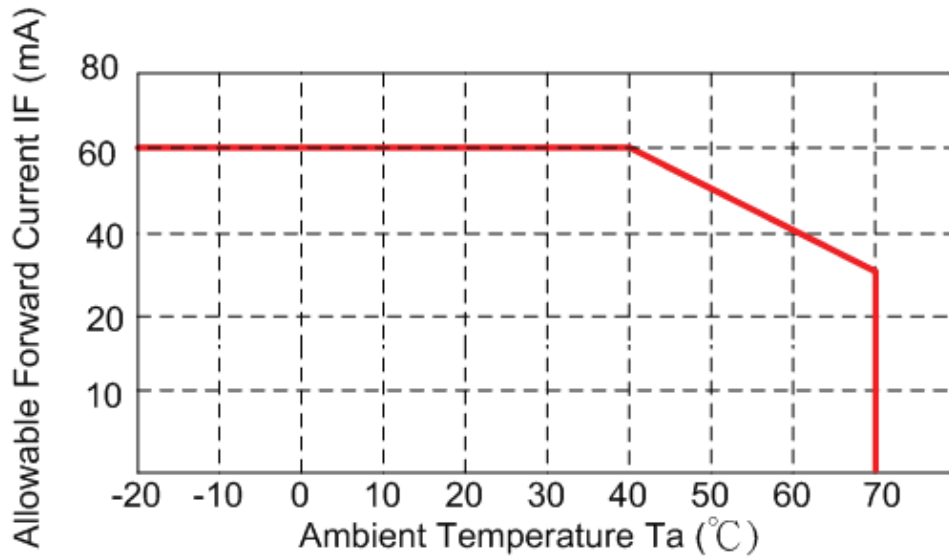
ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
LED Backlight Voltage	V <sub>BL</sub>	--	16	--	V	I <sub>BL</sub> =60mA
LED Backlight Current	I <sub>BL</sub>	--	60	--	mA	T <sub>a</sub> =25°C
LED Life Time	T <sub>a</sub> =25°C	--	30K	--	Hr	Note*

Note\* : Brightness to be decreased to 50% of the initial value.



The constant current source is needed for white LED back-light driving.

When LCM is operated over 60°C ambient temperature, the  $I_{BL}$  of the LED back-light should be adjusted to 40mA max



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## 5. INTERFACE

Pin No	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	U/D	Up or Down Display Control	Note2
2	DMS(NC)	No connection	
3	Hsync(NC)	Horizontal SYNC. (Sync mode used)	
4	VLED	+5~12V Power input for LED driver	
5	VLED	+5~12V Power input for LED driver	
6	VLED	+5~12V Power input for LED driver	
7	Vcc	Power Supply for LCD	
8	Vsync(NC)	Vertical SYNC. (Sync mode used)	
9	DE	Data Enable	
10	Vss	Power Ground	Note1
11	Vss	Power Ground	Note1
12	ADJ	LED Back-light Brightness Control	Note3
13	B5	Blue Data 5 (MSB)	
14	B4	Blue Data 4	
15	B3	Blue Data 3	
16	Vss	Power Ground	Note1
17	B2	Blue Data 2	
18	B1	Blue Data 1	
19	B0	Blue Data 0 (LSB)	
20	Vss	Power Ground	Note1
21	G5	Green Data 5 (MSB)	
22	G4	Green Data 4	
23	G3	Green Data 3	
24	Vss	Power Ground	Note1
25	G2	Green Data 2	
26	G1	Green Data 1	
27	G0	Green Data 0 (LSB)	
28	Vss	Power Ground	Note1
29	R5	Red Data 5 (MSB)	
30	R4	Red Data 4	
31	R3	Red Data 3	
32	Vss	Power Ground	Note1
33	R2	Red Data 2	
34	R1	Red Data 1	
35	R0	Red Data 0 (LSB)	
36	Vss	Power Ground	Note1
37	Vss	Power Ground	Note1
38	DCLK	Clock Signals	
39	Vss	Power Ground	Note1
40	L/R	Left or Right Display Control	Note2

Note1: VSS Pin must ground contact, can not be floating.

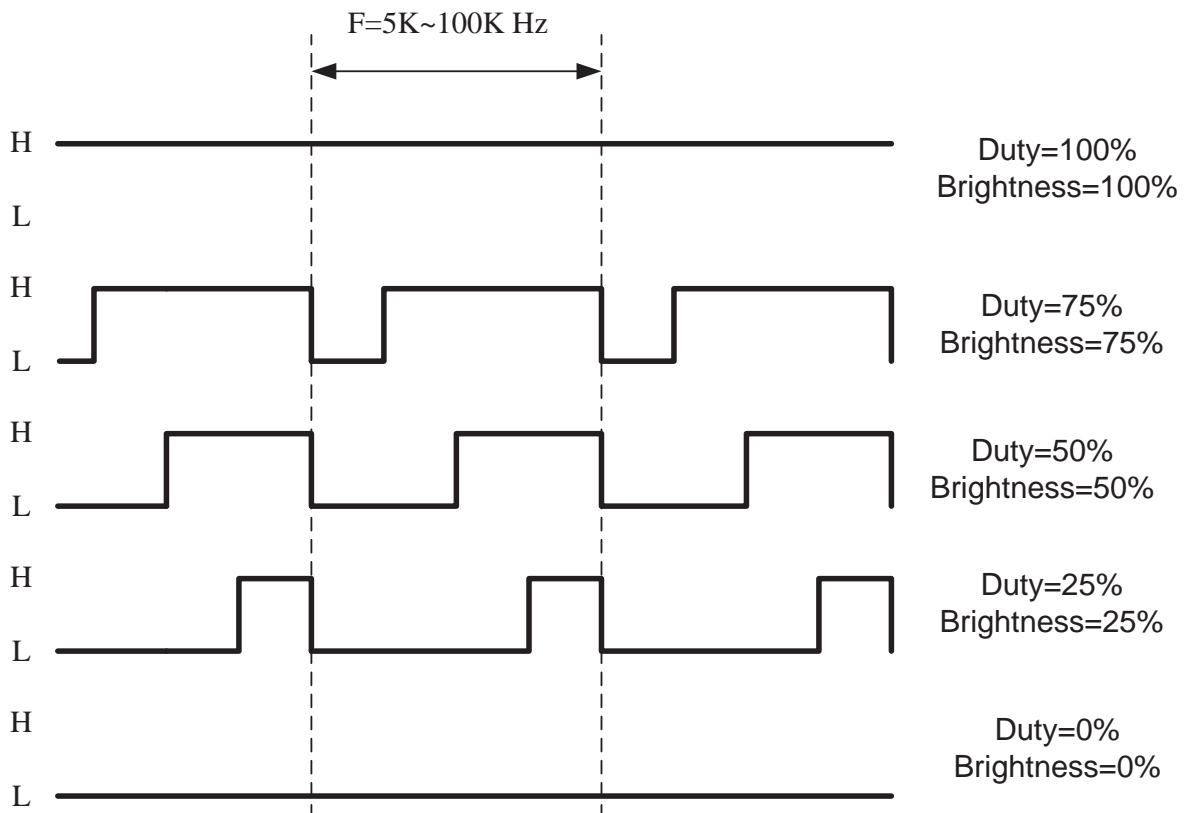
Note2: U/D and L/R are controlled function

L/R	U/D	Function
1	0	Normally display
0	0	Left and Right opposite
1	1	Up and Down opposite
0	1	Left and Right opposite , Up and Down opposite

Note3: ADJ PIN

Pin3: ADJ is PWM signal input. It is for brightness control.

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
ADJ signal frequency	$f_{PWM}$	5	--	100	KHz
ADJ signal logic level High	$V_{IH}$	1.2V	--	VLED	V
ADJ signal logic level Low	$V_{IL}$	0	--	0.4	V





## 6. INPUT SIGNAL

### 6-1 Timing Specification.

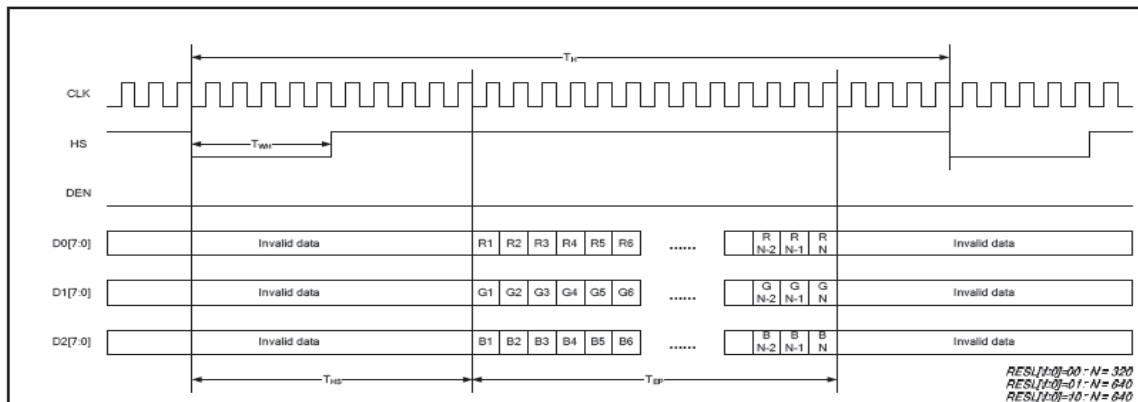
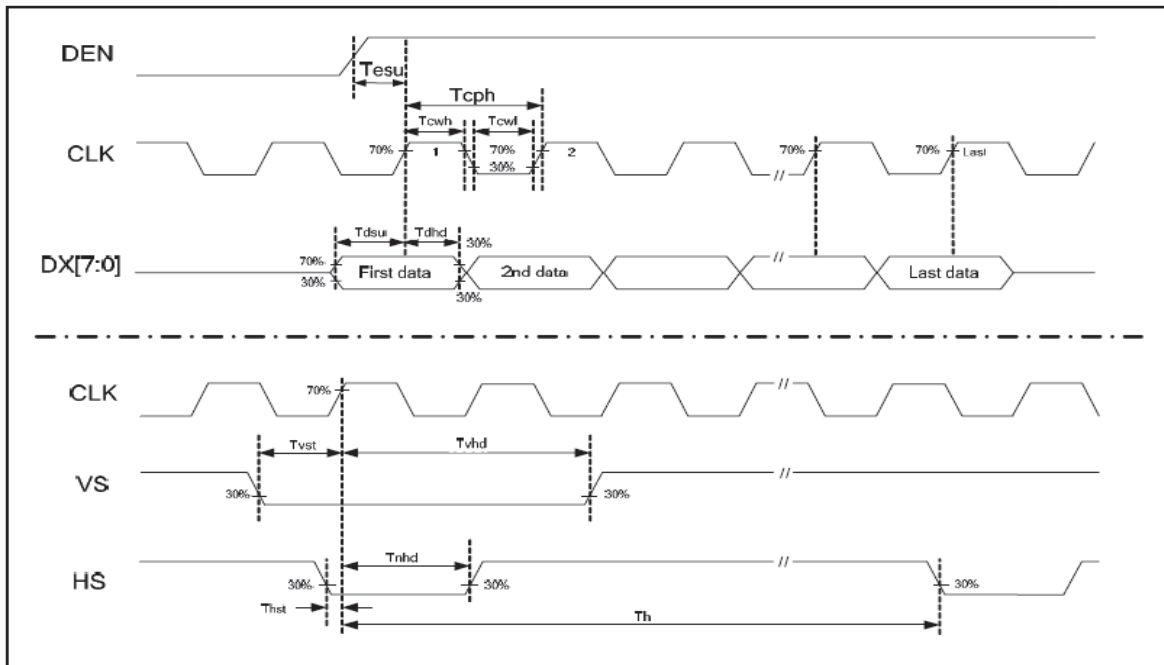
PARAMETER	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit
CLK frequency	$F_{CPH}$		25.175		MHz
CLK period	$T_{CPH}$	-	39.7	-	ns
CLK pulse duty	$T_{CWH}$	40	50	60	%
HS period	$T_H$	-	800	-	$T_{CPH}$
HS pulse width	$T_{WH}$	5	30	-	$T_{CPH}$
HS-first horizontal data time	$T_{HS}$	112	144	175	$T_{CPH}$
DEN pulse width	$T_{EP}$	-	640	-	$T_{CPH}$
VS pulse width	$T_{WV}$	1	3	5	$T_H$
VS-DEN time	$T_{STV}$	-	35	-	$T_H$
VS period	$T_V$	-	525	-	$T_H$

**Note:** When SYNC mode is used, 1st data start from 144th CLK after HS falling  
 (when  $STHD[5:0]=00000$ )

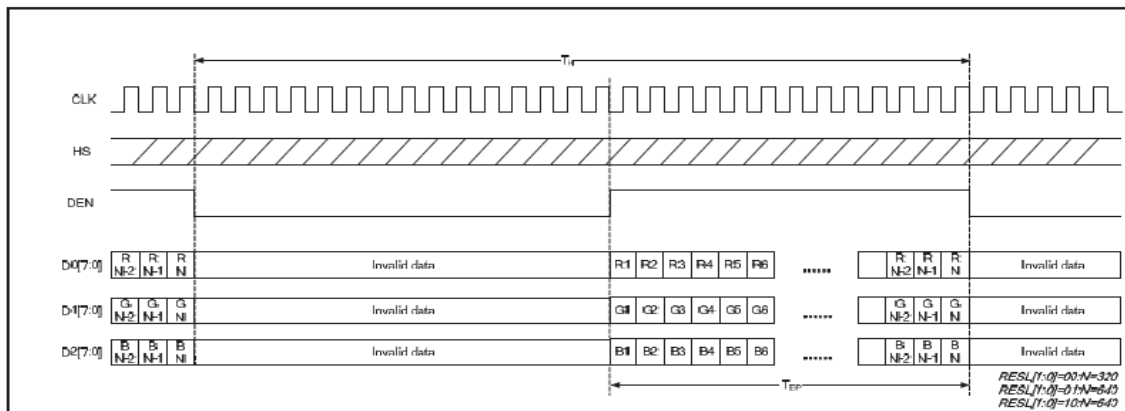
PARAMETER	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit
OEV pulse width	$T_{OEV}$		100	-	$T_{CPH}$
CKV pulse width	$T_{CKV}$	-	96	-	$T_{CPH}$
HS-CKV time	$T_1$	-	52	-	$T_{CPH}$
HS-OEV time	$T_2$	-	8	-	$T_{CPH}$
HS-POL time	$T_3$	-	72	-	$T_{CPH}$
STV setup time	$T_{SUV}$	-	46	-	$T_{CPH}$
STV pulse width	$T_{WSTV}$	-	1	-	$T_H$

## 6-2 Timing chart

### Clock and Data input waveforms



Parallel RGB SYNC Mode Horizontal Data Format



Parallel RGB DE Mode Horizontal Data Format

### 6-3 Color Data Assignment

COLOR	Input Data	R DATA						G DATA						B DATA					
		R5 MSB	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0 LSB	G5 MSB	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0 LSB	B5 MSB	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0 LSB
BASIC COLOR	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	CYAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	MAGENTA	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	YELLOW	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	WHITE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
RED	RED(0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(2)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN	GREEN (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
GREEN (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
BLUE	BLUE (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	BLUE (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	

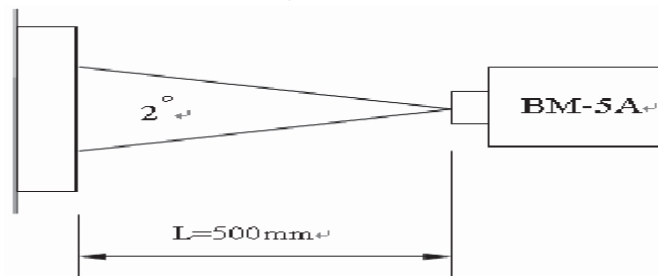
- NOTE: (1) Definition of Gray Scale, Color (n): n is series of Gray Scale  
 The more n value is the bright Gray Scale  
 (2) Data: 1-High, 0-Low

## 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Contrast ratio	CR	Point - 5 $\Theta = \Phi = 0^\circ$	500	600	--	--	(1)(2)(3)	
Luminance	Lw		--	500	--	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	(1)(3)	
Luminance Uniformity	$\Delta L$		70	75	--	%	(1)(3)	
Response Time ( White – Black )	$T_r + T_f$		--	50	--	ms	(1)(3)(5)	
Viewing Angle	Vertical	$\Theta$	$CR \geq 10$	100	130	--	Deg.	(1)(2)(4)
	Horizontal	$\Phi$		120	150	--		
Color chromaticity	Red	Rx	Point - 5 $\Theta = \Phi = 0^\circ$	0.566	0.616	0.666	--	(1)(3)
		Ry		0.302	0.352	0.402		
	Green	Gx		0.308	0.358	0.408		
		Gy		0.518	0.568	0.618		
	Blue	Bx		0.096	0.146	0.196		
		By		0.086	0.136	0.186		
	White	Wx		0.279	0.329	0.379		
		Wy		0.301	0.351	0.401		

NOTE:

- (1) Measure conditions :  $25^\circ\text{C} \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$  ,  $60 \pm 10\% \text{RH}$  under 10Lux , in the dark room by BM-7TOPCON) , viewing  $2^\circ$  ,  $VCC=3.3\text{V}$  ,  $VDD=3.3\text{V}$



- (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio :

Contrast Ratio (CR) = (White) Luminance of ON  $\div$  (Black) Luminance of OFF

- (3) Definition of Luminance :

Definition of Luminance Uniformity

Measure white luminance on the point 5 as figure 7-1

Measure white luminance on the point 1 ~ 9 as figure 7-1

$$\Delta L = [ L(\text{MIN}) / L(\text{MAX}) ] \times 100\%$$

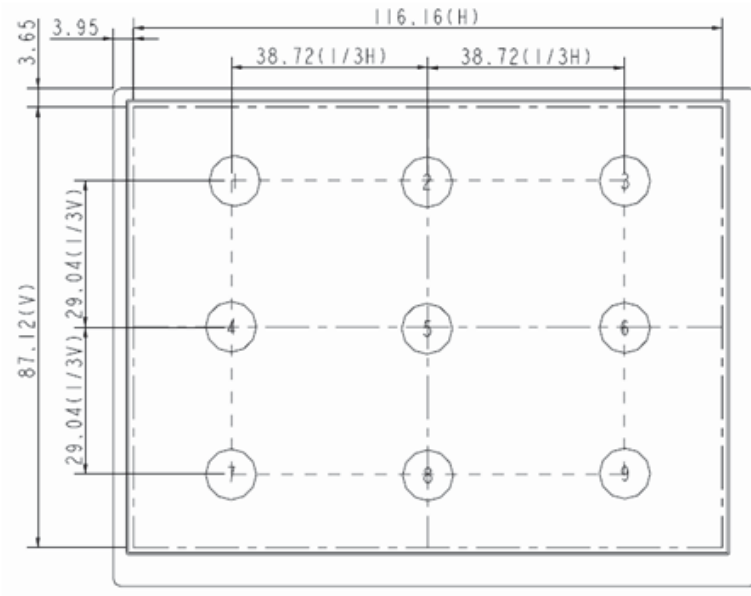


Figure 7-1

(4) Definition of Viewing Angle( $\Theta, \Phi$ ), refer to Fig 7-2 as below :

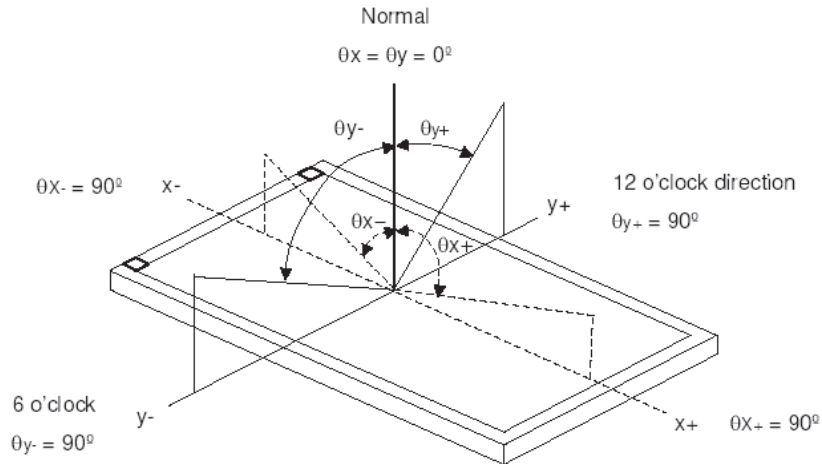
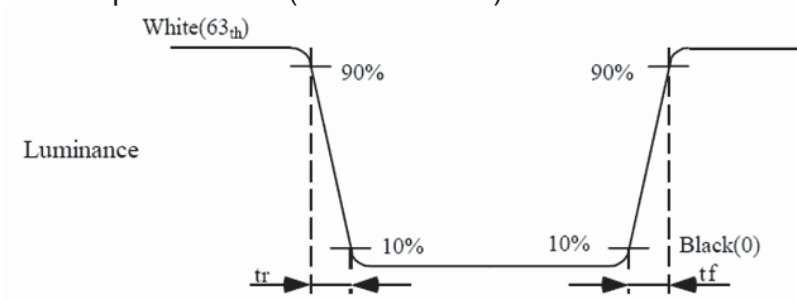


Figure 7-2

(5) Definition of Response Time.(White – Black)



## 8. Reliability Test Items

Test Item	Test Conditions	Note
High Temperature Operation	70±3°C , t=240 hrs	
Low Temperature Operation	-20±3°C , t=240 hrs	
High Temperature Storage	80±3°C , t=240 hrs	1,2
Low Temperature Storage	-30±3°C , t=240 hrs	1,2
Storage at High Temperature and Humidity	60°C, 90% RH , 240 hrs	1,2
Thermal Shock Test	-20°C (30min) ~ 70°C (30min) 100 cycles	1,2
Vibration Test (Packing)	Sweep frequency : 10 ~ 55 ~ 10 Hz/1min Amplitude : 0.75mm Test direction : X.Y.Z/3 axis Duration : 30min/each axis	2

Note 1 : Condensation of water is not permitted on the module.

Note 2 : The module should be inspected after 1 hour storage in normal conditions  
(15-35°C , 45-65%RH).

## 9. USE PRECAUTIONS

### 9-1 Handling precautions

- (1) The polarizing plate may break easily so be careful when handling it. Do not touch, press or rub it with a hard-material tool like tweezers.
- (2) Do not touch the polarizing plate surface with bare hands so as not to make it dirty. If the surface or other related part of the polarizing plate is dirty, soak a soft cotton cloth or chamois leather in benzine and wipe off with it. Do not use chemical liquids such as acetone, toluene and isopropyl alcohol. Failure to do so may bring chemical reaction phenomena and deteriorations.
- (3) Remove any spit or water immediately. If it is left for hours, the suffered part may deform or decolorize.
- (4) If the LCD element breaks and any LC stuff leaks, do not suck or lick it. Also if LC stuff is stuck on your skin or clothing, wash thoroughly with soap and water immediately.

### 9-2 Installing precautions

- (1) The PCB has many ICs that may be damaged easily by static electricity. To prevent breaking by static electricity from the human body and clothing, earth the human body properly using the high resistance and discharge static electricity during the operation. In this case, however, the resistance value should be approx.  $1M\Omega$  and the resistance should be placed near the human body rather than the ground surface. When the indoor space is dry, static electricity may occur easily so be careful. We recommend the indoor space should be kept with humidity of 60% or more. When a soldering iron or other similar tool is used for assembly, be sure to earth it.
- (2) When installing the module and ICs, do not bend or twist them. Failure to do so may crack LC element and cause circuit failure.
- (3) To protect LC element, especially polarizing plate, use a transparent protective plate (e.g., acrylic plate, glass etc) for the product case.
- (4) Do not use an adhesive like a both-side adhesive tape to make LCD surface (polarizing plate) and product case stick together. Failure to do so may cause the polarizing plate to peel off

### 9-3 Storage precautions

- (1) Avoid a high temperature and humidity area. Keep the temperature between  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $35^{\circ}\text{C}$  and also the humidity under 60%.
- (2) Choose the dark spaces where the product is not exposed to direct sunlight or fluorescent light.
- (3) Store the products as they are put in the boxes provided from us or in the same conditions as we recommend.

## 9-4 Operating precautions

- (1) Do not boost the applied drive voltage abnormally. Failure to do so may break ICs. When applying power voltage, check the electrical features beforehand and be careful. Always turn off the power to the LC module controller before removing or inserting the LC module input connector. If the input connector is removed or inserted while the power is turned on, the LC module internal circuit may break.
- (2) The display response may be late if the operating temperature is under the normal standard, and the display may be out of order if it is above the normal standard. But this is not a failure; this will be restored if it is within the normal standard.
- (3) The LCD contrast varies depending on the visual angle, ambient temperature, power voltage etc. Obtain the optimum contrast by adjusting the LC drive voltage.
- (4) When carrying out the test, do not take the module out of the low-temperature space suddenly. Failure to do so will cause the module condensing, leading to malfunctions.
- (5) Make certain that each signal noise level is within the standard (L level: 0.2V<sub>dd</sub> or less and H level: 0.8V<sub>dd</sub> or more) even if the module has functioned properly. If it is beyond the standard, the module may often malfunction. In addition, always connect the module when making noise level measurements.
- (6) The CMOS ICs are incorporated in the module and the pull-up and pull-down function is not adopted for the input so avoid putting the input signal open while the power is ON.
- (7) The characteristic of the semiconductor element changes when it is exposed to light emissions, therefore ICs on the LCD may malfunction if they receive light emissions. To prevent these malfunctions, design and assemble ICs so that they are shielded from light emissions.
- (8) Crosstalk occurs because of characteristics of the LCD. In general, crosstalk occurs when the regularized display is maintained. Also, crosstalk is affected by the LC drive voltage. Design the contents of the display, considering crosstalk.

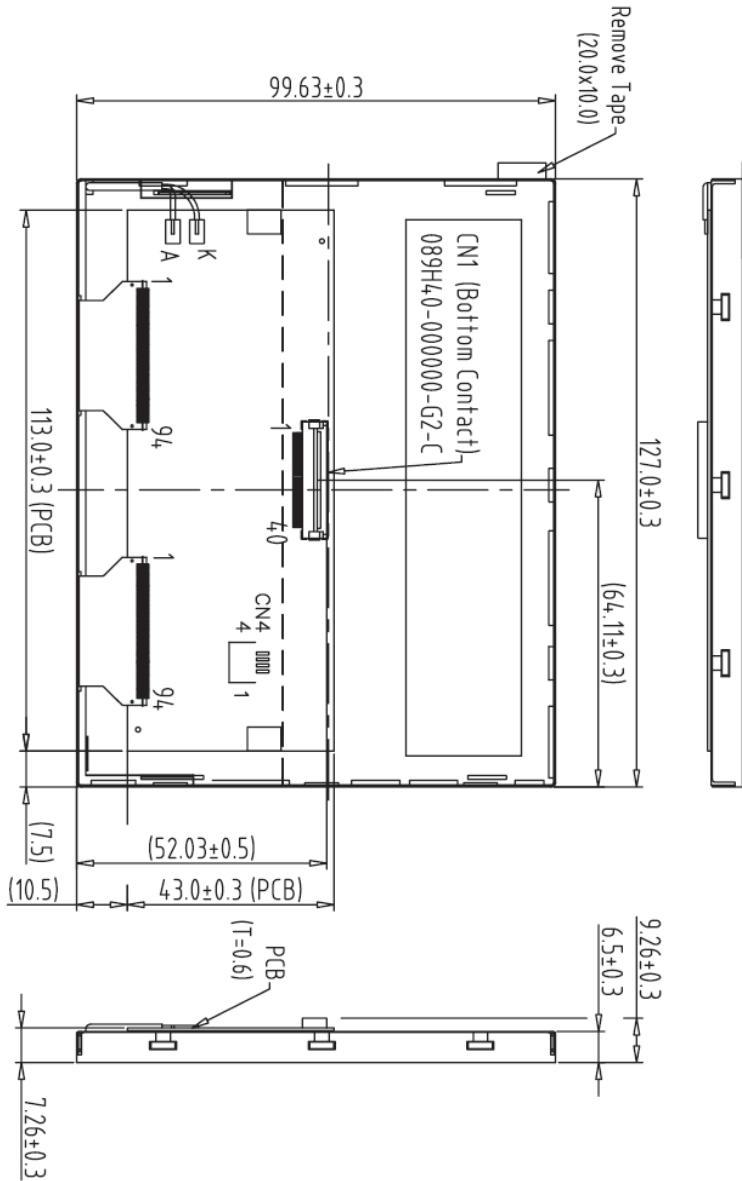
## 9-5 Other

- (1) Do not disassemble or take the LC module into pieces. The LC modules once disassembled or taken into pieces are not the guarantee articles.
- (2) The residual image may exist if the same display pattern is shown for hours. This residual image, however, disappears when another display pattern is shown or the drive is interrupted and left for a while. But this is not a problem on reliability.
- (3) AMIPRE will provide one year warrantee for all products and three months warrantee for all repairing products.





CN1	1 U/D	21 G5
	2 DMS(NC)	22 G4
	3 HSTNC(NC)	23 G3
	4 VLED	24 VSS
	5 VLED	25 G2
	6 VLED	26 G1
	7 VCC	27 G0
	8 VSYNC(NC)	28 VSS
	9 DE	29 R5
	10 VSS	30 R4
	11 VSS	31 R3
	12 ADJ	32 VSS
	13 B5	33 R2
	14 B4	34 R1
	15 B3	35 R0
	16 VSS	36 VSS
	17 B2	37 VSS
	18 B1	38 DCLK
	19 B0	39 VSS
	20 VSS	40 L/R



- Note:
1. Unless indicated, Tolerance "±0.3"
  2. UV Glue For OLB Protection.
  3. Main LCD 640x480 (R.G.B) TFT LCD => 5.7" TFT LCD

Back view

1	640480GB-03	7		TOLERANCE GRAD(E)	A	B	DIM.	MM	DWN.	SNOW	DATE	TITLE
2	TF640480-88-0	8					JE NO.		CHK.		DATE	USMP-VC057V-011
3		9					PARTS NO.		APPD.		DATE	DWG. NO. *120832MA
4		10									DATE	SHEET 1 OF 1
5		11									DATE	
6		12									DATE	

REV.	REVISION RECORD	DATE	NAME
0	NEW RELEASE	08-13-12	SNOW
1		08-13-12	SNOW



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